

## Number

### Number bonds to 10

$$1 + 9 = 10$$

(and  $9 + 1 = 10$ )

$$2 + 8 = 10$$

(and  $8 + 2 = 10$ )

$$3 + 7 = 10$$

(and  $7 + 3 = 10$ )

$$4 + 6 = 10$$

(and  $6 + 4 = 10$ )

$$5 + 5 = 10$$

### Number bonds to 20

$$0 + 20 = 20$$

(and  $20 + 0 = 20$ )

$$1 + 19 = 20$$

(and  $19 + 1 = 20$ )

$$2 + 18 = 20$$

(and  $18 + 2 = 20$ )

$$3 + 17 = 20$$

(and  $17 + 3 = 20$ )

$$4 + 16 = 20$$

(and  $16 + 4 = 20$ )

$$5 + 15 = 20$$

(and  $15 + 5 = 20$ )

$$6 + 14 = 20$$

(and  $14 + 6 = 20$ )

$$7 + 13 = 20$$

(and  $13 + 7 = 20$ )

$$8 + 12 = 20$$

(and  $12 + 8 = 20$ )

$$9 + 11 = 20$$

(and  $11 + 9 = 20$ )

Count in multiples of twos

Count in multiples of fives

Count in multiples of tens

Numbers ending in 1,3,5,7 and 9 are odd.

Numbers ending in 0,2,4,6 or 8 are even.

## Geometry

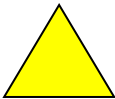
## Measurement



This is a square.

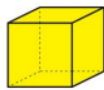


This is a rectangle.

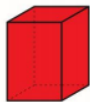


This is a triangle.

This is a representation of a cube.



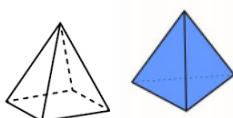
This is a representation of a cuboid.



This is a representation of a sphere.



These are representations of pyramids.



This is a 1p coin.



This is a 2p coin.



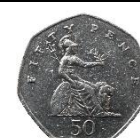
This is a 5p coin.



This is a 10p coin.



This is a 20p coin.



This is a 50p coin.



This is a £1 coin.



This is a £2 coin.



This is a £5 note.



This is a £10 note.



This is a £20 note.

When the minute hand is on the 12 that means o'clock.

When the minute hand is on the 6 that means half past the hour.